

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Manufacturer's Name: Viper Products  
Address: 87 Sachem Dr  
Middletown, Ct 06457  
Phone: 800-942-8754

## **SECTION 1 - CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION:**

Product Name: **Flex Gel Clear**  
Cyanoacrylate Ester  
Date Created: 3-24-99

## **SECTION 2 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS:**

<u>Hazardous Component</u>	<u>CAS Number</u>	<u>%</u>
Ethyl-2 Cyanoacrylate	7085-85-0	90-95
Poly Methyl Methacrylate	9011-14-7	5-10
Urethane Rubber	Trade Secret	5-10

<u>Exposure Limits (TWA)</u>	<u>ACGIH (TLV)</u>	<u>OSHA (PEL)</u>
------------------------------	--------------------	-------------------

### OTHER

Ethyl-2 Cyanoacrylate	0.2 ppm	None
-----------------------	---------	------

None

### Exposure Limits (STEL)

None

## **SECTION 3 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION:**

Toxicity: Skin contact may cause burns. Bonds rapidly and strongly to skin.  
Skin and eye irritant. Estimated oral LD50 more than 5000mg/kg.

Primary routes of Entry: Inhalation

Signs of exposure: Vapor is irritating to eyes and mucous membranes above TLV.  
Prolonged and repeated overexposure to vapors may produce symptoms of  
Non-allergic asthma in sensitive individuals.

## **SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES:**

Ingestion: Ingestion is unlikely. See supplemental section for emergency action.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If symptoms persist, obtain medical attention.

Skin Contact: Soak in warm water. See supplemental section for emergency action.

Eye Contact: Flush with warm water. See supplemental section for emergency action.

## **SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES:**

Flash Point: 150-200F, Tag Closed Cup

Extinguishing Media: Foam, Dry Chemical or Carbon Dioxide

Unusual Fire or Exposure Hazards: Vapors exceeding the flash point will ignite when exposed to flame.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

## **SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES:**

Steps to be taken in case of spill or leak: Flood with water to polymerize. Soak up with inert absorbent.

## **SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE:**

Safe Storage: Store away from heat and direct sunlight to maximize shelf life. Store inside in a dry location.

Handling: Keep container tightly closed. Avoid contact with skin. Avoid breathing vapors.

## **SECTION 8 - PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:**

Ventilation: Local exhaust ventilation recommended to maintain vapor level below TLV.

Respiratory Protection: Not applicable with good local exhaust,

Skin: Polyethylene or non reactive gloves. Do not use cotton or wool. See supplemental  
Page for more information.

Eye Protection: Safety glasses or goggles with side shields.

**SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:**

Appearance: Clear Liquid  
Odor: Sharp, pungent  
Boiling Point: Greater than 300F  
Vapor Pressure: Less than .2mmHg @ 20C  
Vapor Density: Approximately 3 (Air=1)  
Vaporation Rate: Not applicable  
Specific Gravity: 1.10  
Solubility in Water: Negligible. Polymerized by water.

**SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY:**

Stability: Stable  
Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur  
Incompatibility: Polymerized by contact with water, alcohols, amines, and alkalis.

**SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:**

See Section 3

**SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION:**

No Data

**SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS:**

Spill or accidental release: Flood with water to cure (harden) adhesive. Soak up with an inert absorbent.  
Disposal procedures: Incinerate or dispose of in an approved landfill in accordance with local and EPA regulations. Not a RCRA hazardous waste.

**SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION:**

Domestic Ground Transport:  
Proper shipping name: Unrestricted (not more than 450 liters)  
Combustible liquid, n.o.s. (More than 450 liters)  
Hazard class or division: Unrestricted (not more than 450 liters)  
Combustible liquid (more than 450 liters)  
Identification number: none (not more than 450 liters)  
NA 1993 (more than 450 liters)  
Marine pollutant No

**SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION:**

CA Proposition 65: No Information

**SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION:**

Hazard	NFPA Hazard Code	HMIS Hazard Code
Health 2	2	
Fire 2	2	
Reactivity 2		2
Specific Hazard No water		Personal protection: See Section 8

NFPA is a registered trademark of the National Fire Protection Association  
HMIS is a registered trademark of the National Paint and Coatings Association

**FIRST AID SUPPLEMENT**

Cyanoacrylate adhesive is a very fast setting and strong adhesive. It bonds human tissue and skin in seconds. Experience has shown that accidents due to Cyanoacrylates are best handled by passive, non-surgical first aid. Treatment of specific types of accidents are suggested as follows:

**Skin Contact** - Remove excess adhesive. Soak in warm, soapy water. The adhesive will come loose from the skin in several hours. Dried adhesive does not present a health hazard even when bonded to the skin. Avoid contact with clothes, fabric, rags or tissue. Contact with these materials may cause polymerization. The polymerization of large amounts of adhesive will generate heat causing smoke, skin burns, and strong, irritating vapors. Wear rubber or polyethylene gloves and an apron when handling large amounts of adhesive.

**Skin Adhesion** - First immerse the bonded surfaces in warm, soapy water. Peel off or roll the surfaces open with the end of a

blunt edge, such as a spatula or a spoon handle, then remove adhesive from the skin with soap and water. Do not try to pull the surfaces apart with a direct opposing action.

**Eyelid Adhesion** - In the event that eyelids are stuck together or bonded to the eyeball, wash thoroughly with warm water and apply a gauze patch. The eye will open without further action, typically in one to two days. There will be no residual damage. Do not try to open the eyes by manipulation.

**Adhesive on the eyeball** - Adhesive introduced into the eyes will attach itself to the eye protein and will disassociate from it over intermittent periods, usually in several hours. This will cause periods of weeping until clearance is achieved. It is important to understand that disassociation will normally occur within a matter of hours, even with gross contamination.

**Mouth** - If lips are accidentally stuck together apply lots of warm water and encourage maximum wetting and pressure from saliva inside the mouth. Peel or roll lips apart. Do not try to pull the lips with direct opposing action. It is almost impossible to swallow Cyanoacrylate. The adhesive solidifies and adheres in the mouth. Saliva will lift the adhesive in one to two days.

**Burns** - Cyanoacrylates give off heat on solidification. In rare cases, large drops will increase in temperature enough to cause a burn. Burns should be treated normally after the lump of Cyanoacrylate is released from the tissue as described above.

**Surgery** - It should never be necessary to use such drastic action to separate accidentally bonded skin.